

Recearch & Technology

Qualification of Cold Spray for Repair of MIL-DTL-83488 Aluminum Coatings

Stephen Gaydos ASETSDefense Workshop 9 February 2011

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Report Documentation Page

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ASC/ENVV Project Information

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- POP 24 month project
 - 7-31-2007 to 9-30-2009
 - Final Report 10-30-2009
- Objectives
 - Identify Portable Cold Spray Equipment
 - Develop Procedures to Repair Damaged IVD Aluminum Coatings
 - Certify Cold Spray Process to Meet Requirements in MIL-DTL-83488
 - Cold Spray Process Can Also be Used to Repair any Damaged Aluminum Coating
 - Aluminplate, Sputter Aluminum, or CVD Aluminum
- Program Manager Brian Tobin ASC/ENVV

Cold Spray Equipment Selection Criteria

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- Equipment Requirements
 - Portable
 - Easy to operate
 - Safe to operate
 - Low cost to operate
 - Apply aluminum coatings (1 to 3 mil thick)
 - Cold Spray Al coating meets MIL-DTL-83488
 - Readily available and easy to maintain
 - Off the shelf technology

Cold Spray Equipment Suppliers

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- Dymet
- CGT
- K-Tech
- Delphi
- Inovati
- Centerline (Dymet)
- ARL

Previous Cold Spray Studies Conducted

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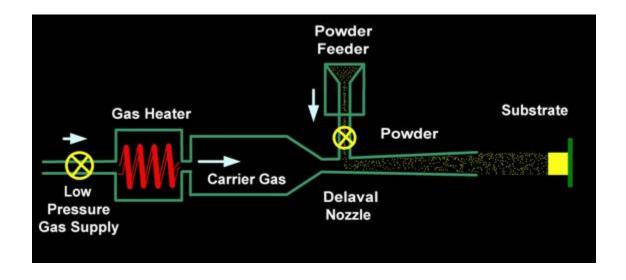
- Boeing Moscow
 - Dymet Equipment
- CTMA/NCMS
 - ARL, Delphi, Centerline Equipment
- ARL
 - ARL and Centerline Equipment
- ASB Industries
 - CGT Kinetics
- Centerline
 - SST Equipment

Portable Cold Spray Equipment Selected

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- Centerline SST
 - Low Pressure
 - Air @ 80 to 110 psig
 - Portable
 - Off the shelf

- Low cost
- Easy to operate and maintain
- Has potential to apply MIL-DTL-83488 Aluminum coatings



Centerline SST Cold Spray Equipment

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- PO Placed February 2008
- Equipment Received May 2008
- Equipment Installed July 2008
- No Problems with Installation
 - Cold Spray Equipment Performed Flawlessly
 - Programming of Robot was Difficult
 - Required Learning a Programming Language
 - P-SEL
 - Centerline Provided Hands-On Training

Aluminum Powder Selection

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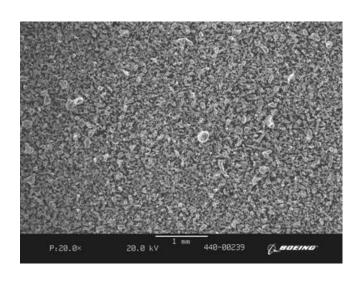
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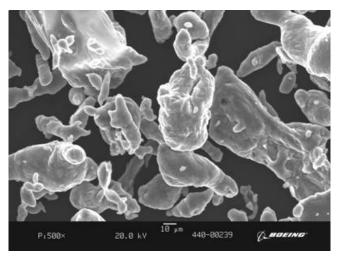
Metal Group	Catalogue Number (Old Catalogue Reference #)	Typical Applications	Typical Substrates	Description	
	SST-A0017 (KSF-A017-1)	Corrosion Protection	Steel and Magnesium Alloys	Special size distribution blend of pure aluminum. Characterized with high deposition efficiency, fast build-up and hardness of HB: 27-29. Ideal for corrosion protection.	
Aluminum	SST-A0027 (KSF-A027)	Component Repair	Steel, Aluminum, Magnesium and their Alloys	General purpose aluminum-based mixture containing aluminum, zinc and alumina with fast deposit build-up speed. Good for repairing a variety of components and freeform fabrication. Good bonding strength (>4500 psi), hardness HB: 45-55 and good machinability. Can produce very thick and smooth deposition.	
	SST-A0050 (KSF-A50)	Component Repair	Steel, Aluminum, Magnesium and their Alloys	Blend of aluminum and alumina. Fast deposition and smooth surface. Good for repairing a variety of components. Zinc free coating with good bonding strength (>5000 psi). Hardness (HB: 50-60)	
	SST-A0053 (KSF-A053)	Mold Repair	Aluminum	Blend of aluminum, stainless steel and alumina. Builds up smooth and thick coatings. Has been used for aluminum mold repairs.	
	SST-A0071	Dimension restoration	Magnesium and Aluminum Alloys	Blend of aluminum and alumina with good deposit growth rate, smooth surface, very high bonding strength (>7500 psi) on Mg and Al alloys. Good for dimension restoration of both Al and Mg alloys parts.	
	SST-A0073	Bond Coating	Aluminum and its Alloys	Blend of aluminum 356 alloy, aluminum and alumina with fast buildup rate, smooth surface, very high bonding strength (>10000 psi) on aluminum and its alloys. Good for bond coat.	
	SST-A5001 (KSF-A21339)	Corrosion Protection	Steel and Magnesium Alloys	Pure aluminum powder with special size distribution for cold spray process, good deposition rate, smooth surface, good bonding strength (>4000 psi), hardness HB: 25-30 and excellent machinability. Good for corrosion protection.	

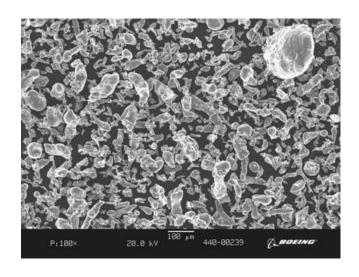
440-00239 (KSF-A017-1) - Blended Aluminum

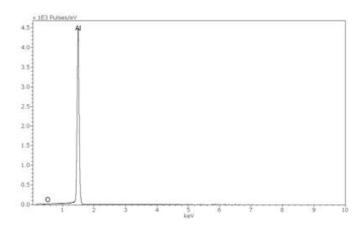
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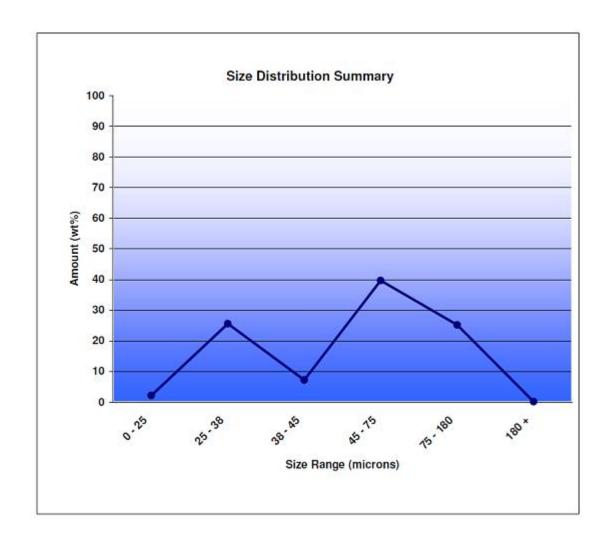






SST-A0017 Particle Size Distribution

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Optimization Test Results

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- Optimum Gun Conditions to Apply a MIL-DTL-83488 Cold Spray Al Coating
 - Stand-off Distance = 0.5 inch (-0.25/+0.5)
 - Speed = 100 to 150 mm/sec
 - Line Index = 1 to 2 mm
 - Air Pressure = 90 to 100 psig
 - Temperature = 250 to 300°C
 - Flow = 20% (+/- 10%)
 - SST-A0017 Blended Aluminum Powder

Optimization Test Results (Cont.)

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- Preferred Procedure for Applying MIL-DTL-83488 Cold Spray Al Coatings
 - Degrease with MPK or Desoclean 45
 - Grit Blast @ 40 to 60 psig (2 passes) with 80 grit Al Oxide (white preferred)
 - Apply 1 to 3 mil Al coating
 - 90 to 100 psig 250 to 300° C
 - Multiple Passes May Be Required
 - Glass Bead Burnish @ 40 to 60 psig with #10 Glass Beads
 - 100% Adhesion Test (Used for IVD AI Process)

MIL-DTL-83488D Certification Tests

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- 3.1.1 Composition
- 3.2.1 Process
- 3.2.1.1 Cleaning
- 3.3 Areas of Deposit
- 3.4 Chromate Treatment
- 3.5 Thickness
- 3.6 Stripping of Aluminum Coating
- 3.7 Adhesion
- 3.8 Corrosion Resistance
- 3.10 Base Metal Integrity

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Requirement: Coating shall be > 99% Al

CHEMICAL ANALYSIS								
Al	Cr	Cu	Fe	Mg	Mn	Si	Ti	Zn
99.86 %	< 0.005 %	< 0.005 %	0.08 %	< 0.005 %	< 0.005 %	0.05 %	0.009 %	< 0.005 %

Tested In Accordance To: ASTM-D1976 M Comment: Sample was tested as received.

Aluminum concentration reported was calculated by difference based on the essential elements reported above.

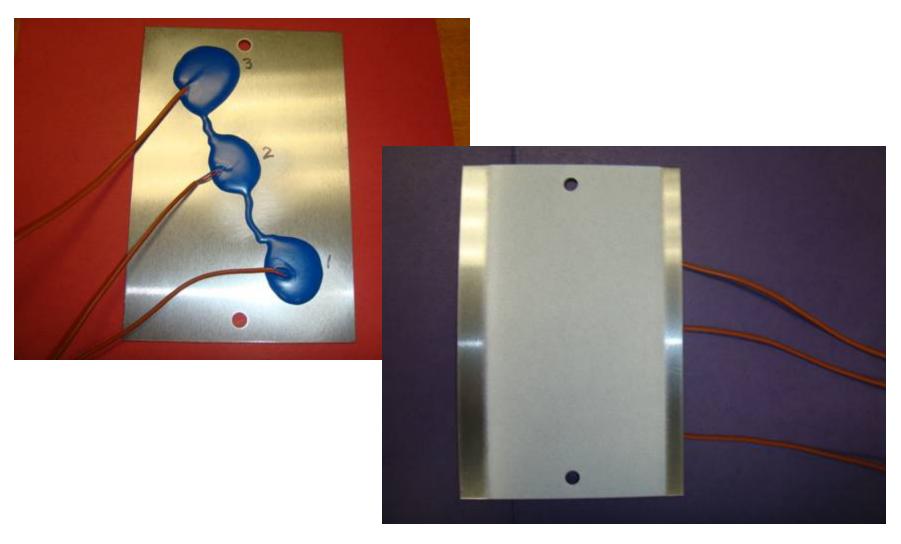
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- Requirement Process shall not cause a temperature rise that has an adverse reaction between the coating and the substrate or adversely affect the substrate.
 - For example If Substrate is High Strength Steel alloy, such as 300M, 4340 or 4130, the temperature shall not exceed 400° F.
- Process Test Performed:
 - Apply thermocouples to back side of 0.040 thick steel test panel.
 - Apply a 1 to 3 mils of aluminum coating using high gun temperatures (350° C) on 4x6 inch test panel.
 - Check thermocouple readout during metal spraying to insure that temperature did not exceed 400° F.

3.2.1 Process – Test Set-Up

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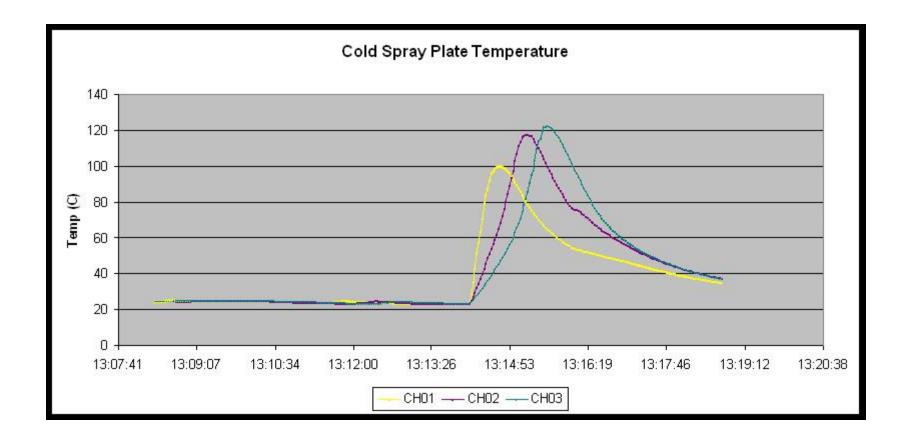
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3.2.1 Process - Test Results (Cont.)

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- Requirement Base metal shall be cleaned IAW MIL-S-5002 or equivalent prior to coating application
- Test Results
 - MIL-S-5002 Cleaning Process Used:
 - All test specimens were solvent cleaned and then abrasive cleaned by grit blasting with aluminum oxide grit (80 grit size).

3.3 Areas of Deposit

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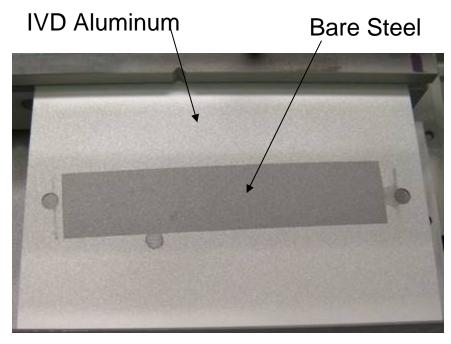
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- Requirement Coating shall completely cover all visible surfaces
- Test Results
 - All cold spray aluminum coated test specimens were visually examined for coverage and found to be acceptable

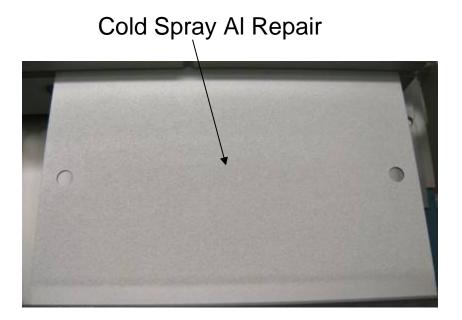
3.3 Areas of Deposit – Test Results

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Damaged IVD Aluminum Steel Panel



Damaged IVD Aluminum Steel Panel After Repair with Cold Spray Aluminum Showing Uniform Aluminum Coating Over Entire Surface

3.4 Chromate Treatment

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- Requirement Type II specimens shall be conversion coated per MIL-DTL-5541
- Test Results
 - Iridite 14-2 conversion coat was easily applied directly to Type II Cold Spray Aluminum test specimens.
 - Specimens did not require a chemical etch or deoxidize prior to conversion coating.

3.4 Chromate Treatment – Test Results

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Type II Conversion Coating on Cold Spray Al

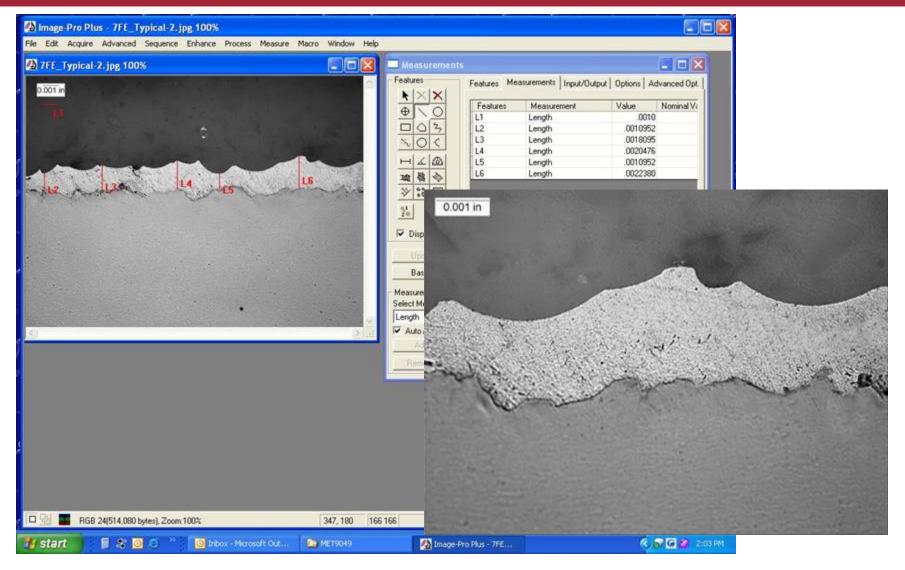
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- Thickness Requirement for Class 1 Aluminum Coating
 - 0.001 inch (Min) and thickness shall not exceed 0.003 inch.
 - Cold spray aluminum coating shall be free of any defects and base metal shall also be free of any irregularities.
- Test Procedure
 - Measure thickness on aluminum coated steel test strips with a magnetic induction thickness gage (DeFelsko Positector).
 - Aluminum coating thickness on test specimens shall be Class 1.
 - Also measure thickness and determine workmanship (see requirement 3.9) by micro-examination of metallographic cross-sections.

3.5 Thickness - Test Results

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3.6 Stripping of Aluminum Coatings

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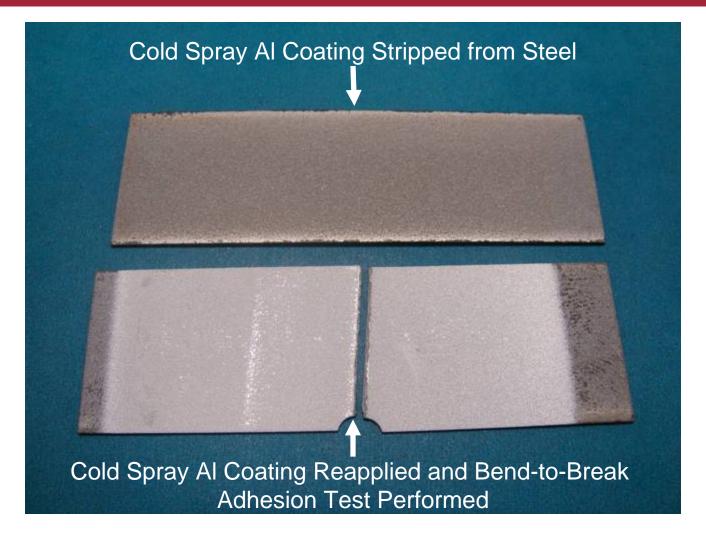
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- Requirement Remove cold spray aluminum coating on steel by stripping in a caustic solution, Steel parts > Rc 40 shall be hydrogen embrittlement relief baked for appropriate time and temp.
- Test Procedure
 - Strip 4 aluminum coated test strips in caustic etch to remove aluminum cold spray coating.
 - Strip in a caustic solution containing 14 to 18 ounces of sodium hydroxide per gallon of water at a temperature of 120° to 130° F.
 - Verify complete removal on two of the stripped specimens by examining surface for aluminum by SEM/EDX analysis.
 - Apply a Class 1 (1 to 3 mils) cold spray aluminum coating to the remaining two specimens and perform a glass bead burnish adhesion test on them to verify good adhesion.

3.6 Stripping – Test Results

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Stripped (Top) – Recoated (Bottom)

3.6 - Stripping Test Results (Cont.)

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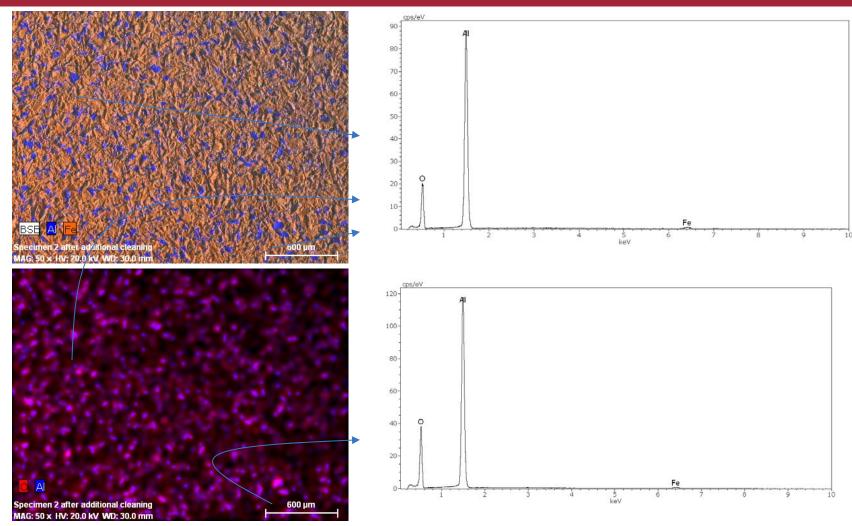
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 SEM/EDX Analyses Conducted to verify that all Cold Spray Aluminum Coating was Removed by Caustic (NaOH) Stripping Solution

SEM/EDX Analysis for Steel Surface After Stripping Cold Spray Aluminum Coating in NaOH Solution

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Residual Aluminum Oxide Particles Found Embedded in Steel but No Residual Cold Spray Al Coating Found

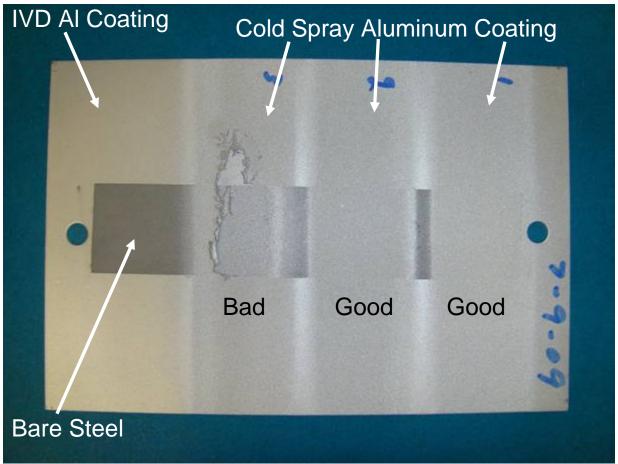
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- Requirement When tested per 4.4.2 (of MIL-DTL-83488) the adhesion of the coating shall not show separation from the base metal
- Test Procedure
 - First perform magnetic induction thickness test on cold spray aluminum coated 1x4x.040 steel strips to verify Class 1 thickness
 - Next perform glass bead burnishing tests on the cold spray aluminum coated test specimens
 - Finally perform strip rupture tests (bend-to-break) on the cold spray aluminum coated test specimens.

3.7 Adhesion – Glass Bead Burnish Test Results

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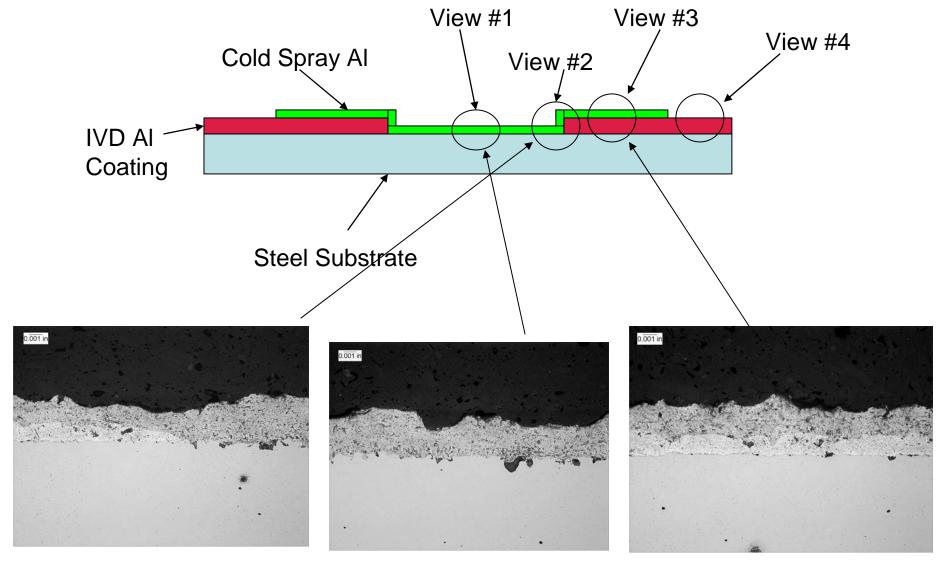
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Example of Good and Bad Adhesion After Glass Bead Burnishing At 60 psig with #10 Glass Beads

Test Specimen with Cold Spray Al on Steel / IVD

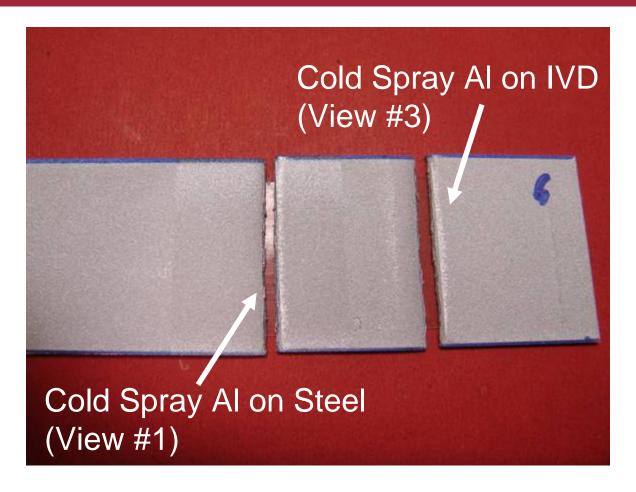
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3.7 Adhesion – Bend-to-Break Test Results

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Cold Spray Al Coating Passed Bend-To-Break Adhesion Test on Bare Steel and IVD Coated Steel

3.8 Corrosion Resistance

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- Requirement When tested per 4.4.3 (of MIL-DTL-83488) the test samples shall show no evidence of corrosion of the base metal after testing per Table 1 (of MIL-DTL-83488).
- Test Procedure
 - Mask the uncoated edges and back side of 4x6x0.040 cold spray aluminum coated steel test specimens with masking tape
 - Subject the masked test specimens to ASTM B 117 neutral salt spray for:
 - 504 hrs. minimum for Class 1, Type I specimens
 - 672 hrs. minimum for Class 1, Type II specimens
 - Look for red rust after required exposure times and no red rust is passing

3.8 Corrosion Resistance – Test Results

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1000 Hours in ASTM B 117 (Scribed Corrosion Test) –
Cold Spray Al on Steel (Left) and Cold Spray Al on Damaged IVD Al (Right) –
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No Red Rust Observed on Scribed Test Panels

EDT TE Sub Template.ppt | 35

3.10 Base Metal Integrity

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- Requirement For aluminum parts, after application of cold spray aluminum coating, check the Rockwell B hardness and verify that hardness did not vary by 3 points and still meets the hardness range for the aluminum alloy and temper being inspected.
- Test Procedure
 - Apply cold spray aluminum to two 3x6 pieces of 7075-T6 aluminum
 - Coat one at 250° C and the other at 300° C spray gun temperatures
 - Check hardness and conductivity before and after cold spray application

3.10 Base Metal Integrity – Test Results

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Specimen		Results HR _b	Pre Coating	(% IACS)
Plate 1		91.7		32.9
		91.8		
	_	92.0		
	Average	91.8		
Dista 0		04.7		20.0
Plate 2		91.7		33.0
		91.8		
	_	91.9		
	Average	91.8	46. 0 4	
			After Coating	
Plate 1		92.2		
300°C		92.3		
300 3		92.5		
	Average -	92.3		32.8
	, wordgo	02.0		02.0
Plate 2	Not Done.			
250°C				

Health Risk Assessment

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- HRA of Cold Spray Equipment was Performed at Boeing – STL
 - Air Force does not want to introduce a hazardous coating process into their ALCs (Air Logistic Centers)
 - New Cold Spray Aluminum Coating Process Shall Not be Harmful to Workers or Environment
 - HRA Requirements specified in:
 - AIR FORCE MANUAL 48-153 (28 MARCH 2007)

HRA for Cold Spray Aluminum Technology

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- Parameters Used For Operation Of Cold Spray Unit
- Gas Air
- Pressure 90 to 100 psig
- Gas Temperature 250 to 300°C
- Stand-off Distance ~ 0.5 inch
- Travel Speed ~ 100 to 150 mm/sec
- Line to Line Index ~ 1 to 3 mm
- Aluminum Powder KSF-AL0017, Centerline
- Powder Flow Rate Setting 20 to 30%
- Operation Mode Manual
- Location of Test Boeing Parking Lot

Cold Spray Equipment Used for HRA

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Monitoring For Aluminum Particles During Portable Cold Spray Operation Engineering, Operations & Technology Boeing Research & Technology Chemic

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HRA Results for Cold Spray Equipment

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Average Total Dust: 0.25 mg/m3
Peak Total Dust: 0.51 mg/m3
Average Respirable Dust: 0.073 mg/m3
Peak Respirable Dust: 0.081 mg/m3

<u>OSHA PEL</u> – 15 mg/m³ for Total Dust 5 mg/m³ for Respirable Fraction <u>NIOSH REL</u> – 10 mg/m³ for Total Dust 5 mg/m³ for Respirable Fraction <u>ACGIH TLV</u> – 10 mg/m³ for Metal Dust

Recommended Personal Protection Equipment (PPE)

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- Safety glasses with face shield; or safety goggles
- Filtering face piece respirator (i.e. dust mask) if face shield not utilized
- Disposable gloves (any)
- Disposable coveralls

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- Centerline SST Cold Spray Equipment Can Be Used to Apply MIL-DTL-83488 Aluminum Coatings
 - Providing that proper materials and processes are carried out.
- Testing was conducted to repair damaged IVD
 Aluminum but Cold Spray Aluminum process could
 also be used to repair damaged Alumiplate, Sputter
 Aluminum, CVD Aluminum and Ionic Liquid Aluminum
 Coatings.
- Additional work is required to use the Cold Spray process to repair damaged Alclad Aluminum Coatings
 - Additional requirements apply for qualifying an Alclad repair process (e.g. specular reflectance)

Questions?

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